

--- Nehemiah 1 ---

1. According to Nehemiah 1:1-2, about what did Nehemiah ask Hanani and the men from Judah?

- A. About the Jews who had escaped
- B. About the Jews who had survived the captivity
- C. About Jerusalem

**D. All the above**

2. According to Nehemiah 1:3, what report did Hanani and the men from Judah give to Nehemiah concerning the survivors of the captivity?

- A. There are no survivors, but all have perished
- B. The survivors are in great distress and reproach**
- C. The survivors are being released to return to their homeland
- D. The survivors are plotting to rebel against their captors

3. According to Nehemiah 1:3, what report did Hanani and the men from Judah give to Nehemiah concerning Jerusalem?

- A. Its wall is broken down and its gates are burned with fire**
- B. It is in ruins except for the Eastern Gate, which still stands
- C. It is besieged, and its inhabitants are without food and drink
- D. It is being rebuilt by the heads of the families of Judah

4. According to Nehemiah 1:4, which of the following was NOT one of Nehemiah's responses upon hearing about the distress of the survivors of the captivity and the brokenness of the wall of Jerusalem?

- A. He sat down and wept
- B. He mourned for many days
- C. He tore his garments**
- D. He fasted and prayed before the God of heaven

5. According to Nehemiah 1:5, what does God do for those who love Him and observe His commandments?

- A. He rescues them from the fire
- B. He extends his hand to them in times of great distress
- C. He blesses them with a thousand blessings
- D. He keeps his covenant and mercy with them**

6. According to Nehemiah 1:6, why did Nehemiah ask that God let His ear be attentive and His eyes open?

- A. So that He would see Israel's trespass
- B. So that He would hear Nehemiah's prayer**
- C. So that the children of Israel would not be forgotten
- D. So that Nehemiah could be aided in staying awake both day and night to make offerings on behalf of the children of Israel

7. According to Nehemiah 1:6-7, what was the sin of the children of Israel?
- A. They have not kept the commandments, statutes, nor ordinances which God commanded Moses**
  - B. They have taken pagan wives from the people of the land
  - C. They have turned to idols to make sacrifices to them on the high places
  - D. They have not kept the Sabbath holy as the Lord commanded them
8. According to Nehemiah 1:8, what will God do to those who are unfaithful?
- A. He will remove them from His presence
  - B. He will confiscate all their property and disinherit them from the promise of Israel
  - C. He will scatter them among the nations**
  - D. He will harden the hearts of the leaders of the neighboring kingdoms to overtake their lands and take the people captive
9. According to Nehemiah 1:9, if the people return to God and keep His commandments, where will God bring them?
- A. To the place which He has chosen as a dwelling for His name**
  - B. To the promised land of Israel
  - C. To the rebuilt city of Jerusalem, the New Jerusalem
  - D. To the farthest part of the heavens
10. According to Nehemiah 1:10, with what did God redeem His servants and His people?
- A. With sacrifices and burnt offerings
  - B. With His great power and His strong hand**
  - C. With His mercy and justice
  - D. With His goodwill toward all mankind
11. According to Nehemiah 1:11, what was Nehemiah's job?
- A. The governor's aid
  - B. The Lord's high priest
  - C. The keeper of the records
  - D. The king's cupbearer**

**--- Nehemiah 2 ---**

1. According to Nehemiah 2:1, in what year of the reign of King Artaxerxes was Nehemiah sad in his presence for the first time?
- A. The eighteenth year
  - B. The nineteenth year
  - C. The fifteenth year
  - D. The twentieth year**

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2. According to Nehemiah 2:2, what reason did King Artaxerxes give for Nehemiah's sad face?

- A. Nehemiah was sick
- B. Nehemiah had sorrow of heart**
- C. Nehemiah was homesick
- D. Nehemiah knew the Jews were in exile

3. In Nehemiah 2:3, how did Nehemiah identify Jerusalem?

- A. The place where Nehemiah was born
- B. The capital city
- C. The place of my fathers' tombs**
- D. The city of the temple God

4. In Nehemiah 2:4, what was the first thing Nehemiah did when the king said, "What do you request?"

- A. Asked to go to Jerusalem
- B. Asked for authorization letters
- C. Asked to rebuild Jerusalem
- D. Prayed to God**

5. According to Nehemiah 2:5, in response to the king's question, why did Nehemiah ask to go to Judah?

- A. To rebuild it**
- B. To find his family
- C. To worship God
- D. To visit the tombs of his fathers

6. In Nehemiah 2:6, what questions did King Artaxerxes ask Nehemiah?

- A. What do you need and when will you return?
- B. How long will the journey be and how can I help?
- C. What do you need and how long will the journey be?
- D. How long will your journey be and when will you return?**

7. According to Nehemiah 2:7, why did Nehemiah need letters for the governors beyond the River?

- A. To provide for his travel companions
- B. To provide for his journey
- C. To permit him to pass through**
- D. To provide places for him to stay along his journey

8. According to Nehemiah 2:8, what was Asaph to provide to Nehemiah?

- A. Timber for the gates, the city wall, and Nehemiah's house**
- B. Stone for the gates, the city wall, and Nehemiah's house
- C. Timber for houses for Nehemiah and his companions
- D. Stone for the city wall

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9. In Nehemiah 2:9, who did the king send with Nehemiah on his journey?
- A. A legion of soldiers
  - B. Some of his court officials
  - C. Captains of the army and horsemen**
  - D. Asaph, the keeper of the king's forest
10. According to Nehemiah 2:10, why were Sanballat and Tobiah deeply disturbed?
- A. Nehemiah was going to rebuild the city walls of Jerusalem
  - B. Nehemiah had come to seek the well-being of the children of Israel**
  - C. Nehemiah had come to establish himself as a regional ruler
  - D. Nehemiah was going to rebel against the king
11. In Nehemiah 2:11, how long was Nehemiah in Jerusalem before he started inspecting the walls?
- A. Three days**
  - B. Five days
  - C. Seven days
  - D. One day
12. Before Nehemiah began his inspection of the city walls in Nehemiah 2:12, who had Nehemiah told that he planned to rebuild them?
- A. The governors of the region beyond the River
  - B. Sanballat and Tobiah
  - C. Asaph the keeper of the king's forest
  - D. No one**
13. According to Nehemiah 2:13, which gate did Nehemiah go out to begin his inspection of the city walls?
- A. The Eastern Gate
  - B. The Fish Gate
  - C. The Valley Gate**
  - D. The Old Gate
14. What did Nehemiah encounter by the King's Pool according to Nehemiah 2:14?
- A. There was no water in the pool for his animal
  - B. There was no room for the animal under him to pass**
  - C. The ground was too soft for his animal to tread on
  - D. The night was too dark for him to guide his animal
15. In Nehemiah 2:15, through which gate did Nehemiah enter after he returned?
- A. By the Valley Gate**
  - B. By the Refuse Gate
  - C. By the Fountain Gate
  - D. By the Eastern Gate

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16. According to Nehemiah 2:16, what information did Nehemiah keep from the officials?

- A. Which gates Nehemiah used
- B. When Nehemiah arrived
- C. Where Nehemiah had gone or what he had done**
- D. Who came with Nehemiah

17. In Nehemiah 2:17, why did Nehemiah want to rebuild the walls of Jerusalem?

- A. So they would be safe from their enemies
- B. So they would no longer be a reproach**
- C. So they could get ready to rebel against the king
- D. So they would be ready for the return from exile

18. According to Nehemiah 2:18, how was the work they were about to do with their hands described?

- A. Good**
- B. Hard
- C. Holy
- D. Powerful

19. According to Nehemiah 2:19, how did Sanballat, Tobiah, and Geshem treat the Jews when they heard about Nehemiah's plan?

- A. They wanted to stop them
- B. They were angry with them
- C. They were concerned for them
- D. They laughed at and despised them**

20. According to Nehemiah 2:20, who did Nehemiah say would "arise and build" the walls of Jerusalem?

- A. All of the surrounding people
- B. We His servants**
- C. Nehemiah and his travel companions
- D. The priests and nobles

**--- Nehemiah 3 ---**

No questions as this chapter is just lists of names and the parts of the wall they re-built.

--- Nehemiah 4 ---

1. According to Nehemiah 4:1, who was furious and very indignant that the walls of Jerusalem were being rebuilt?

- A. Eliashib
- B. Zaccur
- C. Sanballat**
- D. Tobiah

2. According to Nehemiah 4:2, to which army did Sanballat speak about the Jews?

- A. Samaria**
- B. Assyria
- C. Mizpah
- D. Babylon

3. According to Nehemiah 4:2, how did Sanballat describe the Jews?

- A. Strong
- B. Feeble**
- C. Worthless
- D. Faithful

4. According to Nehemiah 4:3, Tobiah the Ammonite said which animal would break down the stone wall if he sat on it?

- A. Cat
- B. Camel
- C. Bird
- D. Fox**

5. According to Nehemiah 4:4, what did Nehemiah ask God to do to Sanballat and Tobiah?

- A. Give them as plunder to a land of captivity**
- B. Open their eyes
- C. Rebuke them due to their unrighteousness
- D. Destroy them so they would no longer teach falsehood

6. According to Nehemiah, 4:5, why did Nehemiah ask God not to cover up the iniquity of Sanballat and Tobiah?

- A. Because they weren't responsible for their actions
- B. Because they repented of their iniquity
- C. Because they provoked God to anger before the builders**
- D. Because Nehemiah did not want them punished

7. According to Nehemiah 4:6, how high was the entire wall joined together?

- A. Full height
- B. Quarter height
- C. Taller than it used to be
- D. Half its height**

8. According to Nehemiah 4:7, when they found out the walls of Jerusalem were being restored, which two people were angered?

- A. Eliashib and Zaccur
- B. Meremoth and Meshullam
- C. Koz and Zadok

**D. Sanballat and Tobiah**

9. According to Nehemiah 4:7-8, people from several countries conspired to do what?

**A. Attack Jerusalem and create confusion**

- B. Tear down the wall
- C. Destroy Jerusalem
- D. Kill the Jews

10. According to Nehemiah 4:9, what did the Jews do to protect against those who might attack them?

- A. They cried out to King Artaxerxes for help
- B. They asked Eliashib the high priest to offer a sacrifice
- C. They prayed to God and set a watch day and night**
- D. They joined together to form an army to protect the wall

11. According to Nehemiah 4:10, what did Judah say about the rubbish in the area?

- A. It was piled up to half the height of the wall
- B. They would light it on fire to help them guard the wall
- C. There is so much that they weren't able to finish the wall**
- D. They would use it to help rebuild the wall

12. According to Nehemiah 4:11, what did the adversaries plan to do to the builders to stop their work?

- A. Ruin the work on the wall
- B. Kill them**
- C. Steal their supplies
- D. Capture them

13. According to Nehemiah 4:12, how many times did the Jews who lived near the wall warn the workers of their adversaries?

- A. Ten**
- B. Five
- C. Twenty
- D. One

14. According to Nehemiah 4:13, where did Nehemiah set men for protection?

- A. Outside the walls
- B. On top of the walls
- C. Behind the lower parts of the walls**
- D. Along the road

15. According to Nehemiah 4:14, what two words did Nehemiah use to describe the Lord?

- A. Mighty and powerful
- B. Steadfast and loving
- C. Gracious and good
- D. Great and awesome**

16. According to Nehemiah 4:16, half the servants worked on the wall while the other half wore what?

- A. Tunics
- B. Armor**
- C. Cloaks
- D. Disguises

17. According to Nehemiah 4:17, those who built the walls and those who carried burdens used one hand for their work while the other hand did what?

- A. Supported them on the wall
- B. Held a weapon**
- C. Nourished their bodies with food and water
- D. Girded their garments

18. According to Nehemiah 4:18, where was the one who would sound the trumpet?

- A. Atop the wall
- B. Outside the wall
- C. Near the workers
- D. Beside Nehemiah**

19. According to Nehemiah 4:19-20, what did Nehemiah tell the nobles, rulers, and the rest of the people to do at the sound of the trumpet?

- A. Rally to the area where they heard it**
- B. Take up their weapons
- C. Go home to rest
- D. Take time to eat

20. According to Nehemiah 4:21, how long did the men hold their spears?

- A. Twelve hours
- B. Sundown to sunrise
- C. Daybreak until the stars appeared**
- D. Until the work was finished

21. According to Nehemiah 4:22, where did Nehemiah tell each man and his servant to stay at night?

- A. In their tent
- B. In their own home
- C. In Jerusalem**
- D. In the nearest town



22. According to Nehemiah 4:22, why did Nehemiah want the men and servants to stay in Jerusalem?

- A. So they could be a guard by night
- B. So they could be a working party by day
- C. So they could rest while others guarded

**D. Both A and B**

23. In Nehemiah 4:23, when did Nehemiah say that he, his brethren, the servants, and the men on the guard took off their clothes?

- A. To sleep
- B. To wash**
- C. When they got too hot
- D. Never

**--- Nehemiah 5 ---**

1. In Nehemiah 5:1-2, what did the people and their wives want to eat?

- A. Manna
- B. Grain**
- C. Fish
- D. Quail

2. According to Nehemiah 5:3, what had some mortgaged to buy grain because of the famine?

- A. Houses
- B. Houses and lands
- C. Lands and vineyards
- D. Lands, vineyards, and houses**

3. In Nehemiah 5:4, the people had to borrow money for the king's tax. What did the king tax?

- A. Houses
- B. Houses and lands
- C. Lands and vineyards**
- D. Lands, vineyards, and houses

4. According to Nehemiah 5:5 what were the people who borrowed money forcing their sons and daughters to be?

- A. Poor
- B. Hungry
- C. Slaves**
- D. Field workers

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5. In Nehemiah 5:7, after serious thought, who did Nehemiah rebuke for exacting usury from his brother?

- A. The nobles and rulers**
- B. The people and their wives
- C. The wanderers and the sojourners
- D. Those rich in this present world

6. In Nehemiah 5:8, who had the Jewish people redeemed who were sold to the nations?

- A. Servants
- B. Brethren**
- C. The forlorn
- D. The wanderer

7. According to Nehemiah 5:9, why should one walk in the fear of God?

- A. The reproach of the nations**
- B. The commandments of His law
- C. The perseverance of the righteous
- D. The judgment of His wrath

8. According to Nehemiah 5:11, what should be restored to the people?

- A. Houses and lands
- B. Vineyards and olive groves
- C. Lands, vineyards, and olive groves
- D. Lands, vineyards, olive groves, and houses**

9. In Nehemiah 5:11-13, Nehemiah required an oath that the people will restore lands, vineyards, olive groves, and houses. What did Nehemiah use for the oath?

- A. The budded staff of Aaron
- B. The promise of Abraham's descendants
- C. The fold of his garment**
- D. The sand beneath their sandals

10. In Nehemiah 5:14, who was appointed to be the governor in the land of Judah?

- A. Nehemiah**
- B. King Artaxerxes
- C. Ezra
- D. Eleazer

11. According to Nehemiah 5:15, the former governors laid burdens on the people. What did the former governors take?

- A. Bread, wine, and 40 shekels of silver**
- B. Male and female servants
- C. One ox and six choice sheep
- D. Houses, land, and vineyards

2023 L2L Bible Bowl Study – Multiple Choice (Nehemiah) - Answers

12. According to Nehemiah 5:17-18, Nehemiah's table was prepared daily. Besides those who came from the surrounding nations, how many Jews and rulers were at the table?

- A. 12
- B. 150**
- C. 400
- D. A multitude

13. According to Nehemiah 5:18, Nehemiah's table was prepared with fowl, and every ten days an abundance of all kinds of wine. What was prepared daily for Nehemiah's table?

- A. Prevalent manna and forty quail
- B. Seven pigeons of the promise
- C. Twelve bushels of grain
- D. One ox and six choice sheep**

14. According to Nehemiah 5:18, why did Nehemiah not demand the governor's provisions?

- A. Because the bondage was heavy on this people**
- B. Because the Lord frowns on the unrighteous
- C. Because he did not want for provisions
- D. Because of the iniquity of the father

15. According to Nehemiah 5:19, according to what did Nehemiah ask God to remember him?

- A. All he had done for the people**
- B. All he had done for Jerusalem
- C. All he had done for Judah
- D. All the above

--- Nehemiah 6 ---

1. According to Nehemiah 6:1-2, what had Sanballat, Tobiah, Geshem, and the rest of the Jews' enemies heard when Sanballat and Geshem asked Nehemiah to meet with them?

- A. That the temple had been rebuilt
- B. That the doors had been hung in the gates
- C. That the wall had been rebuilt**
- D. That the wall was going to be rebuilt

2. According to Nehemiah 6:2, when Sanballat and Geshem asked Nehemiah to meet with them, what did Nehemiah say that they thought?

- A. To make a treaty with him
- B. To arrest him
- C. To discourage him
- D. To do him harm**

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3. In Nehemiah 6:3, when Nehemiah replied to Sanballat and Geshem's request to meet with them, why did he say, "I cannot come down"?
- A. He was afraid of them
  - B. He was doing a great work**
  - C. He was not able to travel that far
  - D. The Lord told him not to
4. According to Nehemiah 6:4, how many times did Sanballat and Geshem send a message to Nehemiah asking him to meet with them?
- A. Two
  - B. Three
  - C. Four**
  - D. Five
5. According to Nehemiah 6:5, when Sanballat sent his servant to Nehemiah, the fifth time, what was in his hand?
- A. An open letter**
  - B. A gift
  - C. A closed letter
  - D. A rod
6. According to Nehemiah 6:6, in Sanballat's open letter, what did he say that the Jews were planning to do as reported among the nations?
- A. Do evil
  - B. Do harm
  - C. Destroy the kingdom
  - D. Rebel**
7. According to Nehemiah 6:6, in Sanballat's open letter, what did he say was Nehemiah's reason for rebuilding the wall?
- A. To be a prophet in Judah
  - B. To exalt himself
  - C. To be a king in Judah**
  - D. To defy the king
8. According to Nehemiah 6:7, in Sanballat's open letter, who did he say Nehemiah had appointed to proclaim, "There is a king in Judah"?
- A. Prophets**
  - B. Priests
  - C. Officers
  - D. Leaders

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9. In Nehemiah 6:8, in Nehemiah's response to Sanballat's open letter, what does Nehemiah say about the things that Sanballat said were being done?

**A. "You invent them in your own heart"**

B. "You are being deceived"

C. "They are from Satan"

D. "You are mistaken"

10. According to Nehemiah 6:10, who was Shemaiah?

A. A friend

B. A priest

**C. A secret informer**

D. A godly man

11. According to Nehemiah 6:11, where did Nehemiah tell Shemaiah that he would not go to save his life?

A. Out of the city

**B. Into the temple**

C. Into the mountains

D. Into a secret place

12. According to Nehemiah 6:12, what did Tobiah and Sanballat hire Shemaiah to do?

A. To kill Nehemiah

B. To fight Nehemiah

C. To curse Nehemiah

**D. To prophesy against Nehemiah**

13. According to Nehemiah 6:12-13, Shemaiah was hired to pronounce a prophecy against Nehemiah, that he should be afraid and act that way and sin, so that they might have cause for what?

**A. An evil report**

B. Killing him

C. Punishing him

D. Defying him

14. According to Nehemiah 6:13, if Tobiah and Sanballat had cause for an evil report, what would they be able to do to Nehemiah?

A. Kill him

**B. Reproach him**

C. Arrest him

D. Defeat him

15. According to Nehemiah 6:15, the wall was completed in how many days?

A. 25

**B. 52**

C. 152

D. 72

16. According to Nehemiah 6:16, when the nations around Jerusalem heard that the wall was finished, what was their response when they perceived that the work was done by God?

**A. They were very disheartened**

B. They were very much afraid

C. They were astonished

D. They were very angry

17. According to Nehemiah 6:17, in the days that the wall was being built what did the nobles of Judah send to Tobiah?

A. Tribute

B. Petitions

C. Silver and gold

**D. Many letters**

18. According to Nehemiah 6:17-18, what was the relationship of the nobles of Judah to Tobiah, because he was the son-in-law of Shechaniah the son of Arah, and his son Jehohanan had married the daughter of Mesullam the son of Berechiah?

A. They were obedient to him

**B. They were pledged to him**

C. They were fearful of him

D. They were grateful to him

19. According to Nehemiah 6:19, why did Tobiah send letters to Nehemiah?

A. To threaten him

B. To discourage him

**C. To frighten him**

D. To persuade him

**--- Nehemiah 7 --- (no questions for verses 4-72)**

1. According to Nehemiah 7:1-2, when the wall was built and the doors hung, when the gatekeepers, the singers, and the Levites had been appointed, what did Nehemiah give to Hanani and Hananiah?

**A. The charge of Jerusalem**

B. The charge of the gates

C. The charge of the temple

D. The charge of Judah

2. According to Nehemiah 7:2, why did Nehemiah give the charge of Jerusalem to Hananiah the leader of the citadel?

A. He was a brave man and feared God more than many

B. He was a powerful man and feared God more than many

**C. He was a faithful man and feared God more than many**

D. He was a wise man and feared God more than many

3. According to Nehemiah 7:3, how long did Nehemiah tell Hanani and Hananiah to wait before opening the gates of Jerusalem?

- A. Until the morning watch
- B. Until the time of the morning sacrifice
- C. Until morning light
- D. Until the sun is hot**

4. According to Nehemiah 7:73, the children of Israel were in their cities when which month came?

- A. The fourth
- B. The first
- C. The seventh**
- D. The fifth

**--- Nehemiah 8 ---**

1. According to Nehemiah 8:1, the people gathered together in the open square in front of which gate?

- A. The Sheep Gate
- B. The Water Gate**
- C. The Temple Gate
- D. The Fountain Gate

2. According to Nehemiah 8:2, what did Ezra bring before the assembly of men and women?

- A. Sacrifices
- B. The articles of the house of the Lord
- C. The Psalms
- D. The Law**

3. In Nehemiah 8:2-3, how did the people react when Ezra read from the Book of the Law?

- A. They were attentive**
- B. They fell asleep
- C. They were pleased
- D. They were amazed

4. According to Nehemiah 8:4, where did Ezra stand when he read from the Book of the Law?

- A. On a platform**
- B. On top of the city wall
- C. On top of the city gate
- D. In the temple court

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5. According to Nehemiah 8:5, when Ezra opened the book to read, what did the people do?

- A. They sat down
- B. They remained seated
- C. They stood up**
- D. They walked away

6. In Nehemiah 8:6, how did the people worship the Lord after Ezra read from the book of the law?

- A. From their knees
- B. With their faces to the ground**
- C. With their faces to the heavens
- D. With their hands over their faces

7. In Nehemiah 8:7-8, what did the Levites do when the law was being read?

- A. They offered sacrifices
- B. They danced
- C. They took up an offering
- D. They helped the people understand**

8. According to Nehemiah 8:9, what position did Nehemiah hold?

- A. Scribe
- B. Prophet
- C. High Priest
- D. Governor**

9. According to Nehemiah 8:9, what positions did Ezra hold?

- A. Prophet and priest
- B. Priest and scribe**
- C. Governor and scribe
- D. Governor and priest

10. In Nehemiah 8:10, why did Nehemiah and Ezra instruct the people to eat and drink?

- A. To strengthen themselves
- B. Because this day is holy**
- C. To celebrate the harvest
- D. They had been fasting

11. In Nehemiah 8:12, why did the people rejoice greatly during the gathering in the seventh month?

- A. Because they defeated their enemies
- B. Because there was peace in the land
- C. Because they understood the words that were declared to them**
- D. Because of their great wealth



12. According to Nehemiah 8:13, who gathered on the second day of the seventh month with the priests and Levites to Ezra in order to understand the words of the Law?

- A. The royal court
- B. All of Israel
- C. All the men of Jerusalem
- D. The heads of the fathers' houses**

13. In Nehemiah 8:14, when the people studied the law, what did they discover that they should do during the feast of the seventh month?

- A. Dwell in booths**
- B. Celebrate the Passover
- C. Eat unleavened bread
- D. Celebrate with timbrel and harp

14. According to Nehemiah 8:15, where were the people to go to bring branches to make booths?

- A. Outside the city
- B. To the mountain**
- C. To the Jordan River
- D. To the valley

15. According to Nehemiah 8:16, where did the people make booths?

- A. In their courtyards
- B. In the courts of the house of God
- C. In the open square of the Water Gate
- D. All the above**

16. According to Nehemiah 8:17, who made booths and sat under the booths?

- A. All the elders in Jerusalem
- B. All the Levites throughout Israel
- C. The whole assembly of those who had returned from captivity**
- D. All the priests and Levites in Judah

17. According to Nehemiah 8:17, how long had it been since the people had celebrated the feast of tabernacles in booths?

- A. Since the days of Moses
- B. Since the days of Joshua**
- C. Since the days of David
- D. Since the days of Solomon

18. According to Nehemiah 8:18, how many days did the people keep the feast of tabernacles?

- A. Three
- B. Five
- C. Seven**
- D. Ten

--- Nehemiah 9 ---

1. According to Nehemiah 9:1, on what day of the month did the children of Israel assemble with fasting in sackcloth?

- A. First
- B. Tenth
- C. Fifteenth
- D. Twenty-fourth**

2. According to Nehemiah 9:1, when the children of Israel were assembled in sackcloth, what was different about their heads?

- A. The men were shaved
- B. Each had his head covered
- C. They had dust on their heads**
- D. Each had long hair

3. According to Nehemiah 9:2, when those of Israelite lineage confessed their sins, what did they also confess?

- A. The sins of the foreigners
- B. The iniquities of their priests
- C. The iniquities of their fathers**
- D. Their lack of faith

4. According to Nehemiah 9:3, for one-fourth of the day they confessed and worshipped the LORD. What did they do for another fourth of the day?

- A. Ate a meal
- B. Read from the book of the Law of the Lord**
- C. Covered their faces and wept
- D. Rested

5. According to Nehemiah 9:5, as the Levites began their praise to the Lord what did they say to do?

- A. Stand up**
- B. Kneel down
- C. Raise your hands
- D. Shout hallelujah

6. According to Nehemiah 9:6, as the Levites gave their praise what did they say that the Lord had made?

- A. The sun, moon, and stars
- B. The heaven, Earth, and seas**
- C. The grass, plants, and trees
- D. All of mankind

2023 L2L Bible Bowl Study – Multiple Choice (Nehemiah) - Answers

7. According to Nehemiah 9:7, as the Levites gave their praise, who did they say the Lord chose to bring out of Ur of the Chaldeans?

- A. Abram**
- B. Lot
- C. Isaac
- D. Jacob

8. According to Nehemiah 9:8, as the Levites gave their praise, how did they say Abraham's heart was found before God?

- A. Pure
- B. Obedient
- C. Faithful**
- D. Hardened

9. According to Nehemiah 9:9, as the Levites gave their praise, what of their fathers in Egypt did God see?

- A. Their affliction**
- B. Their punishment
- C. Their torture
- D. Their testing

10. According to Nehemiah 9:10, as the Levites gave their praise and told of the Israelites time in Egypt, who was NOT one of the groups that was shown God's signs and wonders?

- A. Pharaoh
- B. Pharaoh's servants
- C. The people of Canaan**
- D. All the people of Pharaoh's land

11. According to Nehemiah 9:11, as the Levites gave their praise and told of the Israelites deliverance from Egypt, who was it that the Lord threw into the deep?

- A. Their children
- B. Their horses
- C. Their masters
- D. Their persecutors**

12. According to Nehemiah 9:12, as the Levites gave their praise, why were the Israelites led by night with a pillar of fire?

- A. To give them light on the road**
- B. To remind them to follow God
- C. As a promise that God would not leave them
- D. To scare their oppressors

2023 L2L Bible Bowl Study – Multiple Choice (Nehemiah) - Answers

13. According to Nehemiah 9:13, as the Levites gave their praise, what mountain did they say the Lord came down on and spoke with their fathers?

- A. Mount Moriah
- B. Mount of Olives
- C. Mount Sinai**
- D. Mount Hebron

14. According to Nehemiah 9:15, as the Levites gave their praise, from where did they say that the Lord brought water for their fathers' thirst?

- A. The sea
- B. The stream
- C. The rain
- D. The rock**

15. According to Nehemiah 9:16, as the Levites gave their praise, when they say their fathers acted proudly, what did they say their fathers hardened?

- A. Their hearts
- B. Their necks**
- C. Their backs
- D. Their minds

16. According to Nehemiah 9:17, as the Levites gave their praise, they said that their fathers were not mindful of all the Lord's wonders and refused to do what?

- A. Listen
- B. Obey**
- C. Worship
- D. Learn

17. According to Nehemiah 9:17, as the Levites gave their praise, they said that their fathers had appointed a leader to return to what?

- A. Their bondage**
- B. Their wanderings
- C. Egypt
- D. Their rebellion

18. According to Nehemiah 9:17, as the Levites gave their praise, they say that God is slow to anger and abundant in what?

- A. Mercy
- B. Wisdom
- C. Love
- D. Kindness**

2023 L2L Bible Bowl Study – Multiple Choice (Nehemiah) - Answers

19. According to Nehemiah 9:18, as the Levites gave their praise, what did they say that their fathers said about the molded calf they had made?

- A. This is your god that gave you manna in the wilderness
- B. This is your god that guided you in the wilderness
- C. This is your god that brought you up out of Egypt**
- D. This is your god that parted the Red Sea

20. According to Nehemiah 9:20, as the Levites gave their praise, what did they say God gave to instruct their fathers?

- A. His good word
- B. His good Spirit**
- C. His good judgments
- D. His good commandments

21. According to Nehemiah 9:21, how many years were the Israelites sustained in the wilderness?

- A. Twenty
- B. Thirty
- C. Forty**
- D. Fifty

22. According to Nehemiah 9:21, as the Levites gave their praise, when they said that their fathers were sustained in the wilderness, what did they say did not wear out?

- A. Their clothes**
- B. Their sandals
- C. Their tents
- D. Their possessions

23. According to Nehemiah 9:23, as the Levites gave their praise, what did they say that their fathers' children were multiplied as?

- A. The sands of the sea
- B. The stars of heaven**
- C. The flowers of the field
- D. The grass of the Earth

24. According to Nehemiah 9:25, as the Levites gave their praise, what kind of cities did they say that their fathers took?

- A. Wealthy
- B. Protected
- C. Strong**
- D. Large

2023 L2L Bible Bowl Study – Multiple Choice (Nehemiah) - Answers

25. According to Nehemiah 9:25, as the Levites gave their praise, what did they say happened to their fathers when they ate after taking a rich land?

- A. They were not filled
- B. They were filled and grew fat**
- C. They were filled and gave thanks
- D. They were filled and had some left over

26. According to Nehemiah 9:26, as the Levites gave their praise, where did they say their fathers cast God's law when they rebelled against Him?

- A. Behind their backs**
- B. At their feet
- C. At the feet of their enemies
- D. In the wilderness

27. According to Nehemiah 9:28, as the Levites gave their praise, when did they say their fathers again did evil before God?

- A. Immediately
- B. In a few years
- C. After the next generation
- D. After they had rest**

28. According to Nehemiah 9:28, as the Levites gave their praise, according to what did they say that the Lord delivered their fathers many times?

- A. His loving-kindness
- B. His judgment
- C. His mercies**
- D. His law

29. According to Nehemiah 9:29, as they Levites gave their praise, they said their fathers had not heeded God's commandments, but sinned against what?

- A. His words
- B. His law
- C. His judgments**
- D. His teachings

30. According to Nehemiah 9:30, as the Levites gave their praise, how long did they say the Lord had patience with their fathers?

- A. Many years**
- B. Forty years
- C. A few years
- D. Twenty years

31. According to Nehemiah 9:31, as the Levites gave their praise, they said that God did not utterly consume or forsake their fathers. How did they describe God?

- A. Just and loving
- B. Loving and patient
- C. Patient and kind
- D. Gracious and merciful**

32. According to Nehemiah 9:34, as the Levites gave their praise, which of these was NOT one of the groups listed that had not kept God's law?

- A. Their kings
- B. Their princes
- C. Their fathers
- D. Their prophets**

33. According to Nehemiah 9:37, as the Levites gave their praise, what did the kings that were set over the Israelites have dominion over?

- A. Their wives and children
- B. Their bodies and cattle**
- C. Their priests
- D. Their possessions

**--- Nehemiah 10 ---**

1. According to Nehemiah 10:28-29, the people of Israel that had separated themselves from the peoples of the land entered into what curse and oath?

- A. To be prepared to fight
- B. To be strong and of good courage
- C. To walk in God's Law**
- D. Not to fear other gods

2. According to Nehemiah 10:30, what did God's people promise about their daughters?

- A. To give them an everlasting name
- B. To have them work for good wages
- C. Not to give them as wives to the peoples of the land**
- D. Not to have them pass through the fire

3. According to Nehemiah 10:31, when would God's people not buy grain or wares from the peoples of the land?

- A. Always
- B. On the Sabbath or a holy day**
- C. In the fifth year
- D. If they were not the firstfruits or new wares

4. According to Nehemiah 10:31, the Lord's people promised to forego which produce?
- A. The firstfruits of the harvest
  - B. All the winter wheat
  - C. The seventh year's produce**
  - D. The gleanings from the fields
5. According to Nehemiah 10:32, how much did God's people exact from themselves for the service of the house of God?
- A. A half-shekel at every appointed feast
  - B. One talent of silver each new moon
  - C. One ephah of grain for each holy day
  - D. One-third of a shekel each year**
6. According to Nehemiah 10:33, what was NOT listed as a service of the house of God?
- A. The treasures**
  - B. The regular grain offering
  - C. The set feasts
  - D. The holy things
7. According to Nehemiah 10:34, how were the priests, Levites, and people selected to bring the wood offering into the house of God?
- A. By casting lots**
  - B. By consulting with the governor
  - C. By age
  - D. By willingly offering themselves
8. According to Nehemiah 10:34, what was the wood offering used for?
- A. For any work of service
  - B. To repair the house of God
  - C. To build an altar to the Lord
  - D. To burn on the altar**
9. According to Nehemiah 10:35, ordinances were made to bring the firstfruits of which trees to the house of the Lord?
- A. Olive trees
  - B. Fig trees
  - C. Terabinth trees
  - D. All trees**
10. According to Nehemiah 10:36, ordinances were made to bring what portion of their cattle, herds, and flocks to the house of the Lord?
- A. The firstborn**
  - B. The firstfruits
  - C. A tithe
  - D. The best



2023 L2L Bible Bowl Study – Multiple Choice (Nehemiah) - Answers

11. According to Nehemiah 10:37, ordinances were made to bring new \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ to the priests.

- A. Grain and oil
- B. Oil and wine**
- C. Garments and sandals
- D. Wineskins and cups

12. According to Nehemiah 10:38, what portion of the tithes were the Levites to bring up to God's house?

- A. One half
- B. On sixth
- C. A tenth**
- D. All that was needed

13. According to Nehemiah 10:39, Nehemiah said we will \_\_\_\_\_ the house of our God.

- A. Keep the watch of
- B. Not neglect**
- C. Not abandon
- D. Always praise

**--- Nehemiah 11 --- (no questions after verse 4)**

1. According to Nehemiah 11:1, where did the leaders of the people dwell?

- A. In Bethel
- B. At Jerusalem**
- C. The cities of Judah
- D. In each of their own cities

2. According to Nehemiah 11:1, they cast lots for one out of ten people to dwell in Jerusalem. Where were the other nine-tenths to dwell?

- A. In Galilee
- B. In other cities**
- C. In the cities of their fathers
- D. By the Jordan River

3. According to Nehemiah 11:2, what did the people do to the men who willingly offered themselves to dwell in Jerusalem?

- A. Blessed them**
- B. Helped them
- C. Clothed them
- D. Commended them

4. According to Nehemiah 11:4, children from which tribes also dwelt in Jerusalem?

- A. Dan and Naphtali
- B. Aaron and Joshua
- C. Ephraim and Manasseh
- D. Judah and Benjamin**

**--- Nehemiah 12 ---**

1. In Nehemiah 12:27, the text states that at the dedication of the wall of Jerusalem, they sought out a certain group of people to bring them to Jerusalem for the event. Who were these people?

- A. The Levites**
- B. The children of Judah
- C. The singers of Benjamin
- D. The gatekeepers

2. In Nehemiah 12:28-29, from where did the sons of the singers gather together for the dedication of the wall of Jerusalem?

- A. The villages of the Netophathites
- B. The house of Gilgal
- C. The fields of Geba and Azmaveth
- D. All the above**

3. According to Nehemiah 12:29, the singers had built themselves villages all around what city?

- A. Bethlehem
- B. Gilgal
- C. Jerusalem**
- D. Gilead

4. In Nehemiah 12:30, what did the priests and the Levites purify in addition to themselves and the people at the dedication of the wall of Jerusalem?

- A. The instruments
- B. The gates
- C. The wall
- D. Both B and C**

5. In Nehemiah 12:31, Nehemiah says that he “brought the leaders of Judah up on the wall” and appointed large thanksgiving choirs. How many choirs did he appoint?

- A. Two**
- B. Three
- C. Four
- D. Five

2023 L2L Bible Bowl Study – Multiple Choice (Nehemiah) - Answers

6. According to Nehemiah 12:31, one of the thanksgiving choirs went to the right hand on the wall toward which gate?

- A. The Sheep Gate
- B. The Fish Gate
- C. The Gate of Ephraim
- D. The Refuse Gate**

7. According to Nehemiah 12:32, after the thanksgiving choir that went to the right on the wall, there went Hoshaiiah and half of the leaders of which tribe?

- A. Judah**
- B. Levi
- C. Benjamin
- D. Both A and B

8. In Nehemiah 12:32-36, several more people and groups of people are listed as having gone after the thanksgiving choir to the right. Which of the following was NOT among those listed?

- A. Azariah
- B. Meshullam
- C. Nehemiah**
- D. Hanani

9. According to Nehemiah 12:35-36, some of the priests' sons carried trumpets as they marched on the wall at the dedication, and some carried other musical instruments. How are those instruments described?

- A. The musical instruments specified by the Law
- B. The musical instruments of David the man of God**
- C. The musical instruments that Nehemiah had made according to the word of the Lord
- D. The musical instruments of Asaph the musician

10. According to Nehemiah 12:36, who went before the thanksgiving choir and the people who went to the right on the wall of Jerusalem?

- A. Ezra the scribe**
- B. Shemaiah, the son of Mattaniah
- C. Azarel
- D. The sons of Asaph

11. In Nehemiah 12:37, what were the stairs by the Fountain Gate that the first thanksgiving choir ascended called?

- A. The stairs of the City of David**
- B. The Stairway of Jerusalem
- C. The stairs of the Fountain Gate
- D. None of the above

2023 L2L Bible Bowl Study – Multiple Choice (Nehemiah) - Answers

12. In Nehemiah 12:38, “the other thanksgiving choir went the opposite way” past the Tower of the Ovens. Who was behind them?

- A. The women and the children rejoicing
- B. Ezra the scribe with half of the people on the wall
- C. Nehemiah with half of the people on the wall**
- D. Half of the sons of Levi

13. According to Nehemiah 12:40, where did the thanksgiving choirs stand together after walking around the wall?

- A. In front of the Old Gate
- B. At the Tower of the Hundred
- C. In the house of God**
- D. On the stairway of the wall

14. According to Nehemiah 12:42, who was the director of the singers at the dedication of the wall of Jerusalem?

- A. Jezrahiah**
- B. Eleazar
- C. Hananiah
- D. Zechariah

15. In Nehemiah 12:43, the people offered great sacrifices and rejoiced greatly. The text states that the joy of Jerusalem was heard where?

- A. In all the city
- B. Afar off**
- C. In all the towns around Jerusalem
- D. As far as Kirjath Arba

16. According to Nehemiah 12:43, on the day of the dedication of the wall of Jerusalem, what was the reason given in the text that the people, including the women and the children, rejoiced?

- A. The people had consecrated themselves to the Lord
- B. They offered their sacrifices willingly
- C. The wall had been rebuilt in 52 days
- D. God had made them rejoice with great joy**

17. Nehemiah 12:44 states that the portions for the priests and Levites were gathered from the fields of the cities into what?

- A. The boxes for the offerings in the courtyard of the temple
- B. The storerooms of the house of David
- C. The storerooms in the cities of the priests and Levites
- D. The rooms of the storehouse for the offerings, the firstfruits, and the tithes**

18. According to Nehemiah 12:44, “Judah rejoiced over the priests and Levites who ministered,” and they gathered for them the portions of the offerings, the firstfruits, and the tithes. How did the people determine what portions were to be given to the priests and Levites?

- A. They were specified by the Law**
- B. By the word of the Lord that came to Nehemiah
- C. The people gave each according to his wealth
- D. None of the above

19. According to Nehemiah 12:45, “Both the singers and the gatekeepers kept the charge of their God and the charge of the purification,” according to the command of whom?

- A. David
- B. Moses
- C. Solomon
- D. Both A and C**

20. Nehemiah 12:46 states that there were “chiefs of the singers and songs of praise and thanksgiving to God” in the days of David and of whom?

- A. His sons of old
- B. Asaph of old**
- C. Samuel the seer
- D. Gad the seer

21. According to Nehemiah 12:47, during the time of Zerubbabel and Nehemiah, the people of Israel “gave the portions for the singers and the gatekeepers, a portion for each day.” What did they do for the Levites, according to this verse?

- A. Assisted the Levites in preparing the offerings for God
- B. Gave cities to the Levites
- C. Consecrated holy things for the Levites**
- D. Brought freewill offerings to the Levites

### --- Nehemiah 13 ---

1. Nehemiah 13:1-2 states that when they read from the Book of Moses to the people, it was found written in it that no Ammonite or Moabite should ever come into the assembly of God. What was one reason for this restriction?

- A. They had not met the children of Israel with bread and water**
- B. They had practiced abominations before the Lord
- C. They would lead the children of Israel astray after their gods
- D. They had refused to give aid to the children of Israel in battle

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2. According to Nehemiah 13:2, God had turned a curse into a blessing. Who had been hired against Israel to curse them?

- A. Balak
- B. Balaam**
- C. Barak
- D. Benaiah

3. According to Nehemiah 13:3, after hearing the reading of the Law on the day of the dedication of the wall of Jerusalem, what did the Israelites do?

- A. They cleansed the rooms of the house of God
- B. They gave the portions for the Levites and the tithes of grain
- C. They rejoiced with great joy
- D. They separated all the mixed multitude from Israel**

4. According to Nehemiah 13:4, what did Eliashib the priest have authority over?

- A. The provisions of the people
- B. The storerooms of the house of God**
- C. The blessings of Zion
- D. The household of Tobiah

5. According to Nehemiah 13:4, with whom was Eliashib the priest allied?

- A. Mattaniah
- B. Tobiah**
- C. Nehemiah
- D. Pedaiah

6. In Nehemiah 13:7, Nehemiah came to Jerusalem and discovered the evil that Eliashib had done. What evil had Eliashib done?

- A. Disgraced Zadok the scribe when he spoke the voice of God
- B. Risen up against the Shelemiah the priest in battle
- C. Worshipped on the altars of Ammonites and Moabites
- D. Prepared a room for Tobiah in the courts of the house of God**

7. In Nehemiah 13:8-9, Nehemiah threw all household goods of Tobiah out of the house of God. What did Nehemiah return to the house of God after it was cleansed?

- A. Articles of the house of God
- B. The grain offering
- C. The frankincense
- D. All the above**

8. In Nehemiah 13:10, what did Nehemiah realize about the portions for the Levites?

- A. The Levites received a double portion
- B. The portions for the Levites had been stolen
- C. The portions for the Levites had not been given to them**
- D. The Levites disobeyed so God gave them no portions

9. In Nehemiah 13:11, what status did Nehemiah say the house of God was in?

- A. Forsaken**
- B. Destroyed
- C. Unclean
- D. Devastated

10. According to Nehemiah 13:12, what did Judah bring to the storehouse?

- A. The articles of the house of God
- B. Grain offerings and frankincense
- C. Offerings for the Levites and priests
- D. Tithes of grain, new wine, and oil**

11. According to Nehemiah 13:13, why did Nehemiah appoint treasurers over the storehouse?

- A. To distribute to their brethren**
- B. To sell to their brethren
- C. To make sure nothing was stolen from the storehouse
- D. To collect tithes from their brethren

12. According to Nehemiah 13:14, for what did Nehemiah do good deeds?

- A. For the city of Jerusalem and all those within
- B. For the house of my God, and for its services**
- C. For the king and his kingdom
- D. For the gates and walls of the city of Jerusalem

13. In Nehemiah 13:15, what did Nehemiah observe the people in Judah doing on the Sabbath?

- A. Worshipping
- B. Treading wine presses**
- C. Offering sacrifices
- D. Resting

14. According to Nehemiah 13:16, men from which city sold fish on the Sabbath in Jerusalem?

- A. Nineveh
- B. Babylon
- C. Tyre**
- D. Sidon

15. According to Nehemiah 13:17, to whom did Nehemiah say, “What evil thing is this that you do, by which you profane the Sabbath day?”

- A. The Levites
- B. The children of Israel
- C. The gatekeepers of Jerusalem
- D. The nobles of Judah**

16. According to Nehemiah 13:18, what did Nehemiah say that the nobles brought on Israel by profaning the Sabbath?

- A. Wrath**
- B. Wealth
- C. Famine
- D. Poverty

17. According to Nehemiah 13:19, whom did Nehemiah post at the gates on the Sabbath so that no burdens would be brought in on the Sabbath day?

- A. Some of the nobles
- B. Some of the priests
- C. Some of the heads of the families
- D. Some of his servants**

18. In Nehemiah 13:20, who lodged outside Jerusalem once or twice on the Sabbath when the gates were shut?

- A. The enemies of Judah
- B. The merchants and sellers**
- C. The Ammonites
- D. Strangers

19. In Nehemiah 13:21, what did Nehemiah say that he would do to those that spent the night outside the city wall on the Sabbath if they did so again?

- A. Lay hands on them**
- B. Feed them
- C. Drive them from the land
- D. Take their goods from them

20. According to Nehemiah 13:22, what did Nehemiah command the Levites to do before going to guard the gates?

- A. Offer sacrifices
- B. Cleanse themselves**
- C. Pray for forgiveness
- D. Take up arms

21. According to Nehemiah 13:23-25, what did Nehemiah do to the Jews that had married women of Ashdod, Ammon, and Moab?

- A. He pulled out their hair**
- B. He sent them to the priests
- C. He made them fast for 7 days
- D. He made them leave Israel



22. According to Nehemiah 13:26, what did pagan women cause Solomon to do?
- A. Grow weary and weak
  - B. Fall short
  - C. Sin**
  - D. Gain wisdom
23. According to Nehemiah 13:27, what did Nehemiah think was the great evil in marrying pagan women?
- A. Forgetting God
  - B. Transgressing against God**
  - C. Worshiping pagan gods
  - D. Falling into disrepute
24. According to Nehemiah 13:28, what did Nehemiah do to the son of Joiada, the son of Eliashib the high priest, who was also the son-in-law of Sanballat?
- A. Took him before the elders
  - B. Drove him away**
  - C. Struck him
  - D. Reasoned with him
25. In Nehemiah 13:28-29, Nehemiah told God to remember Eliashib the high priest, his son Joiada, and his son because they had defiled what?
- A. The priesthood**
  - B. The house of God
  - C. Themselves
  - D. God's holy name
26. According to Nehemiah 13:30, what did Nehemiah cleanse the people of?
- A. Their filthiness
  - B. All their idols
  - C. Everything pagan**
  - D. Everything evil
27. According to Nehemiah 13:30, to whom did Nehemiah assign duties of service such as bringing the wood offering and firstfruits at appointed times?
- A. The male servants
  - B. The overseers
  - C. The leaders of each tribe
  - D. The priests and the Levites**
28. Nehemiah 13:30, what did Nehemiah want God to remember him for?
- A. For leading the people
  - B. For diligence
  - C. For good**
  - D. For service